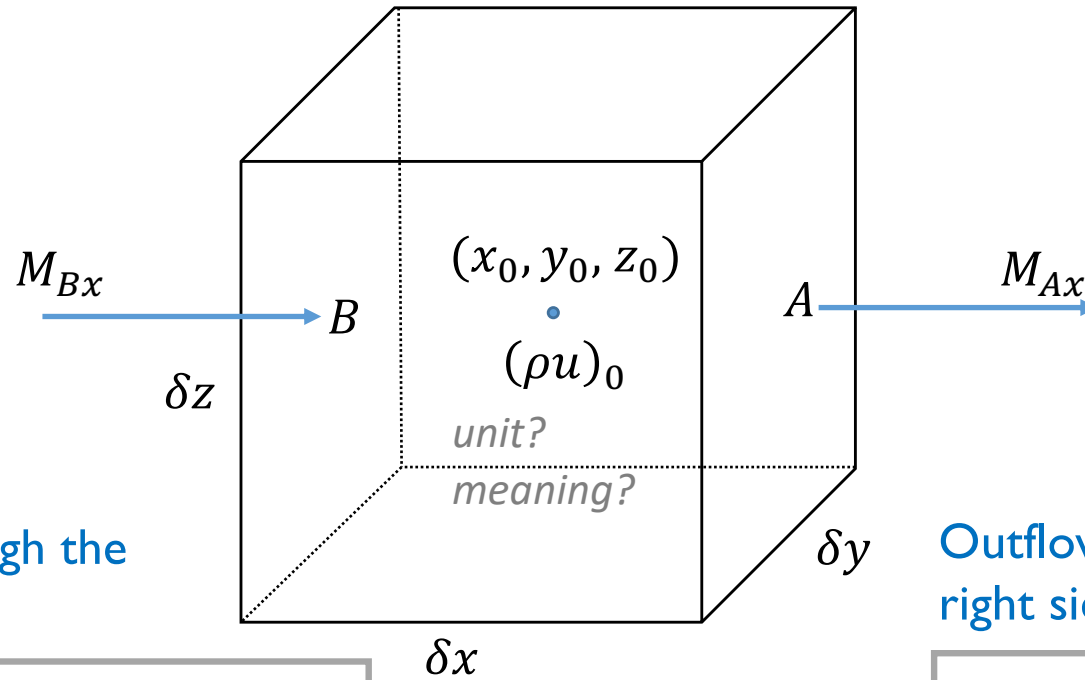


Continuity equation
(Ch. 2.5)



Inflow of mass through the left side (B)

$$M_{Bx} = \boxed{\phantom{\text{expression}}}$$

Outflow of mass through the right side (A)

$$M_{Ax} = \boxed{\phantom{\text{expression}}}$$

unit?

Net mass inflow (In minus Out, x-direction)

$$M_x = \boxed{\phantom{\text{expression}}}$$

Net mass inflow per unit volume (considering all direction), which is local density change

$$\frac{M_x + M_y + M_z}{\delta V} = \boxed{\phantom{\text{expression}}} = \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t}$$

Continuity equation (Ch. 2.5)

Continuity equation (mass conservation)

$$\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} \boxed{\phantom{\rho \mathbf{v} \cdot \nabla}} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} \boxed{\phantom{\rho \mathbf{v} \cdot \nabla}} = 0$$

using divergence operator

$$\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} + \boxed{\phantom{\rho \mathbf{v} \cdot \nabla}} = 0$$

using total derivative of density

$$\boxed{} \frac{D\rho}{Dt} + \boxed{\phantom{\rho \mathbf{v} \cdot \nabla}} = 0$$

Decomposition of total density

total=basic state + perturbation

$$\rho(x, y, z, t) = \rho_0(z) + \rho'(x, y, z, t)$$

decomposition

$$\frac{1}{\rho} \frac{D\rho}{Dt} = \frac{1}{(\rho_0 + \rho')} \frac{D(\rho_0 + \rho')}{Dt} \approx \boxed{\phantom{\frac{1}{\rho_0} \frac{D\rho_0}{Dt} + \frac{1}{\rho_0 + \rho'} \frac{D\rho'}{Dt}}} \frac{D(\rho_0 + \rho')}{Dt}$$

$$\approx \boxed{\phantom{\frac{1}{\rho_0} \frac{D\rho_0}{Dt} + \frac{1}{\rho_0 + \rho'} \frac{D\rho'}{Dt}}}$$

Continuity equation (Ch. 2.5)

Scale analysis of the continuity equation

after decomposition

$$\frac{1}{\rho_0} \left(\frac{\partial \rho'}{\partial t} + \vec{U} \cdot \nabla \cdot \rho' \right) + \boxed{\phantom{\text{expression}}} = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{\rho_0} \left(\frac{\partial \rho'}{\partial t} + u \frac{\partial \rho'}{\partial x} + v \frac{\partial \rho'}{\partial y} + w \frac{\partial \rho'}{\partial z} \right) + \boxed{\phantom{\text{expression}}} = 0$$

$$|u, v| \sim 10 \text{ m s}^{-1}$$

$$|w| \sim 10^{-2} \text{ m s}^{-1}$$

$$|\delta x, \delta y| \sim 10^6 \text{ m}$$

$$|\delta z| \sim 10^4 \text{ m}$$

$$|\delta t| \sim |\delta x / u| \sim 10^5 \text{ s}$$

$$|\rho' / \rho_0| \sim 10^{-2}$$

Continuity equation scaled for midlatitude synoptic scale motions

$$\boxed{\phantom{\text{expression}}} = 0$$

using divergence operator

$$\boxed{\phantom{\text{expression}}} = 0$$